

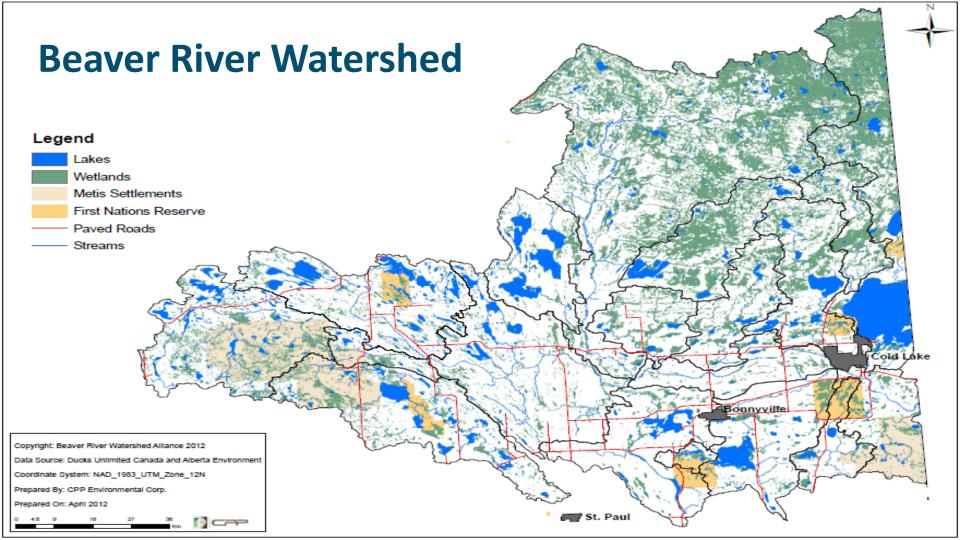


Charette Pell Poscente

Challenge

- Obtain a better understanding of what makes aquatic ecosystems in the Beaver River Watershed "tick"
- Develop indicators of aquatic ecosystem health that are repeatable over time and can be used for long-term reporting.
- Inform the upcoming Watershed Management Plan in a meaningful way.





A History of AEH Science in the past 15 years...

- 2003: ALMS Lakewatch LICA partnership for lake sampling (ALMS)
- 2004: Multiple lake riparian assessments (G. Walker)
- 2006: A water management plan, state of the watershed reports (ESRD)
- 2008: Extensive lake waterbird study (ESRD)
- 2008: Paleolimnological study (ESRD, McGill U, UWaterloo)
- 2011: Extensive river fish survey (ACA)
- 2011: Plan for Healthy Aquatic Systems (CPP Environmental)
- 2013: Lake water quality study (CPP Environmental)
- 2013: River winter oxygen study (CPP Environmental)
- 2014: Aquatic Ecosystem Health Indices project (CPP Environmental)

Methods

Drafted Drivers and Indicators of Ecosystem Health

Ecosystem Drivers:

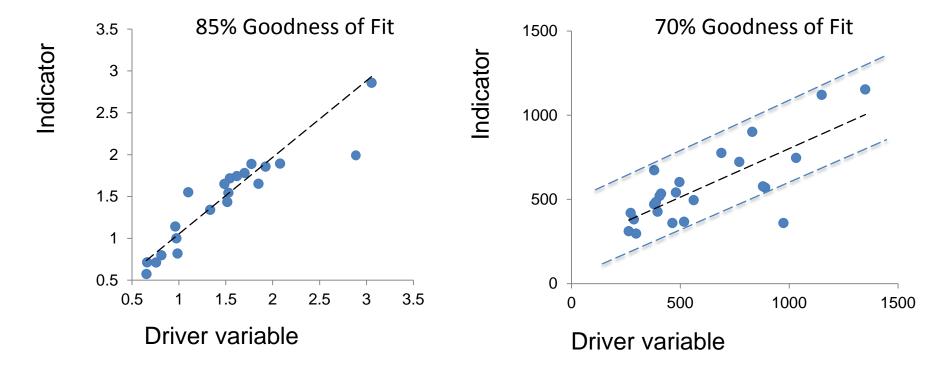
- Human footprint in watershed
- Change in human footprint
- Forest in 500 m water body buffer
- Water body surface area
- Water body depth
- Water body type



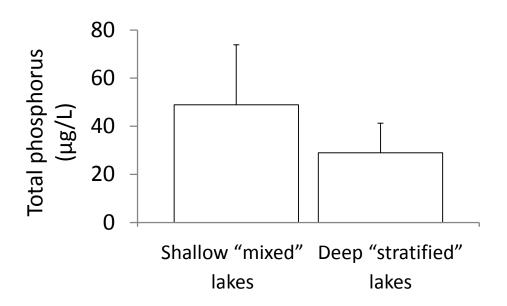
Indicators:

- Common Loon
- Great Blue Heron
- Western Grebe
- Lake nutrients
- Lake salinity
- River/stream oxygen
- River/stream fish community
- Wetland nutrients

Model fit



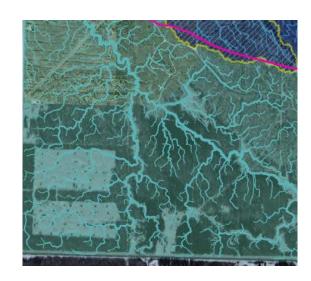
Methods: Shallow vs deep lakes

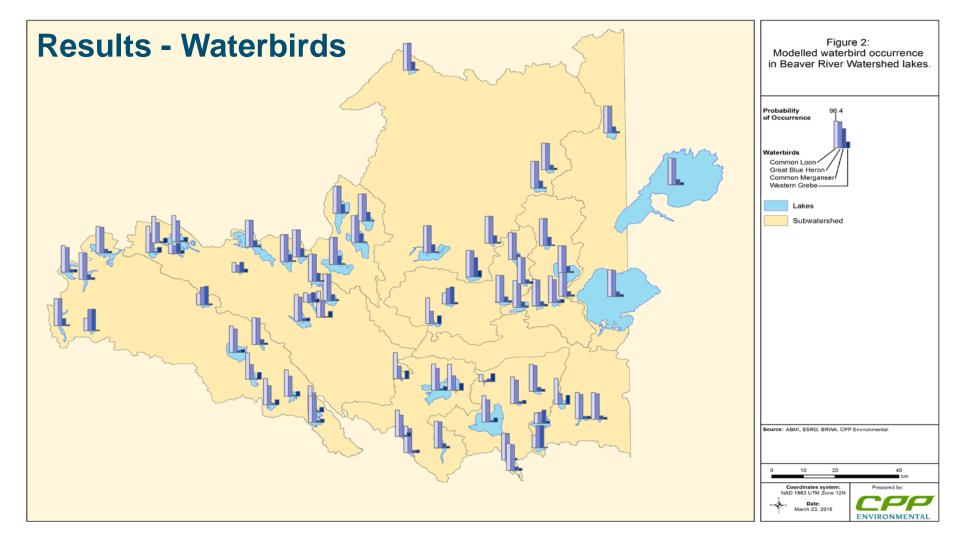


Methods

Created aquatic ecosystem landscape models:

- Delineated watersheds for 60 lakes.
- 2. Used ABMI land cover layer to derive drivers.
- 3. Created a database, including lake surface area, maximum depth, watershed area, total disturbances in the watershed.
- 4. Computer programming to create interactive models.





TUCKER LAKE

COLD LAKE

CANOELAKE

BURNTLAKE

BOURQUELAKE

BEAVER LAKE

AMISKLAKE

CHATWIN LAKE 94

BEARTRAP LAKE 96 BARREYRELAKE 26 26 20 BARBARA LAKE 41

ANGLING LAKE 93

CHICKENHILL LAKE

BENTLEYLAKE

TOUCHWOOD LAKE 97

| TOUCHWOOD LAKE | 97 | | 98 | - 32 |
|--------------------|-------|----|------|---------------|
| THOMPSON LAKES | 96 | | 89 | 1(0) 1(0) |
| TAWAKWATO LAKE | 35 27 | 37 | | |
| SPENCER LAKE | 97 | | 98 | 32 |
| SOARS LAKE | 96 | | 92 | 13 8 |
| SKELETON LAKE | 96 | | 89 | 10 9 |
| SINCLAIR LAKE | 97 | | 97 | 27 2 |
| SEIBERT LAKE | 97 | | 98 | 32 |
| SCHELTENSLAKE | 97 | | 96 | 22 4 |
| RICH LAKE | 34 25 | 35 | 27 | |
| REITA LAKE | 37 | 10 | 18 | |
| PRIMROSE LAKE | 97 | | 95 | 19 8 |
| PINEHURST LAKE | 97 | | 98 | |
| NORTH BUCK LAKE | 96 | | 93 | 10 // |
| MURIELLAKE | 95 | | 80 | 6 14 |
| MOOSELAKE | 95 | | 79 | 6 14 |
| MISSAWAWILAKE | 95 | | 76 | 5 16 |
| MINNIELAKE | 94 | | 45 2 | |
| MAYLAKE | 97 | | 98 | |
| MARIELAKE | 97 | | 97 | 23 5 |
| MARGUERITE LAKE | 96 | | 95 | 70 |
| MANATOKAN LAKE | 94 | | 45 2 | |
| LOWER MANN LAKE | 95 | | 70 | 4 18 |
| LOSEMANLAKE | 97 | | 97 | 27 4 |
| LONG LAKE | 97 | | 97 | 26 4 |
| LITTLE BEAR LAKE | 96 | | 95 | 17 6 |
| LEMINGLAKE | 96 | | 93 | 14 7 |
| LAKE 441 | 94 | | | 3 71 |
| KINOSIU LAKE | 95 | | 02 | 4 17 |
| KERRLAKE | 42 | | 68 | 5 |
| KEHIWIN LAKE | 96 | | 94 | |
| IRONWOOD LAKE | 96 | | 98 | 16 7 29 1 |
| | | | | |
| IPIATIK LAKE | 97 | | 98. | |
| HILDALAKE | 96 | | | 16 6 |
| HELENALAKE | 97 | | 98 | |
| GOODFISH LAKE | 94 | _ | 53 2 | |
| GARNIER LAKES S | 96 | | 92 | THE RESIDENCE |
| GARNIER LAKES N | 97 | | 95 | 18 6 |
| GARNERLAKE | 95 | | .69 | 4 18 |
| FRENCHMANLAKE | 97 | | 96 | 22 5 |
| FORKLAKE | 96 | | 86 | 8 11 |
| FLOATINGSTONE LAKE | 95 | | 72 | M 17 |
| FIGURELAKE | 45 | 77 | | 78 |
| ETHELLAKE | 95 | | 83 | 12 |
| ERNESTINA LAKE | 96 | | 93 | 14 7 |
| ELINOR LAKE | 9/ | | 97- | 25 4 |
| CUSHING LAKE | 46 | 80 | | 80 6 |
| CRANELAKE | 97 | | 96 | 20 5 |
| COLELAKE | 97 | | 95 | 18 6 |
| | | | | |

96

97

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■ CLO ■ GBHO ■ CM ■ WGrebe

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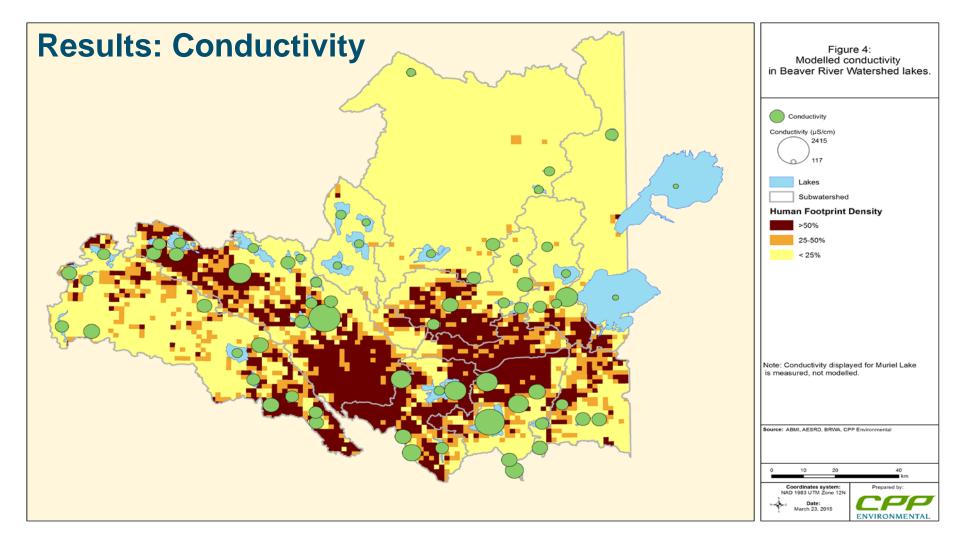
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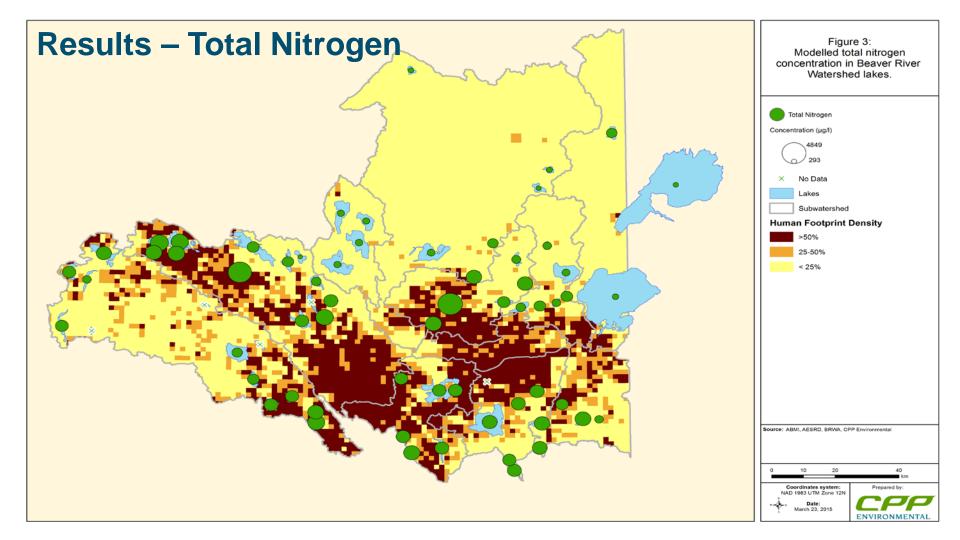
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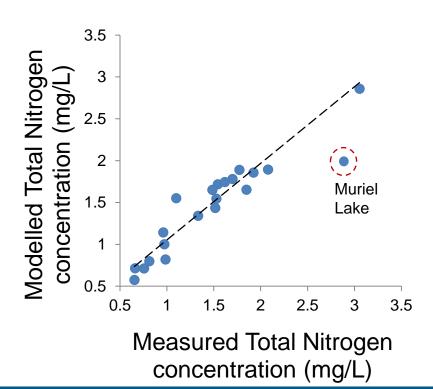
95

69 4 18





Results - Model fit



Modelled Conductivity 0 500 1000 0 Measured Conductivity (µS/cm)

Muriel

Lake

1500

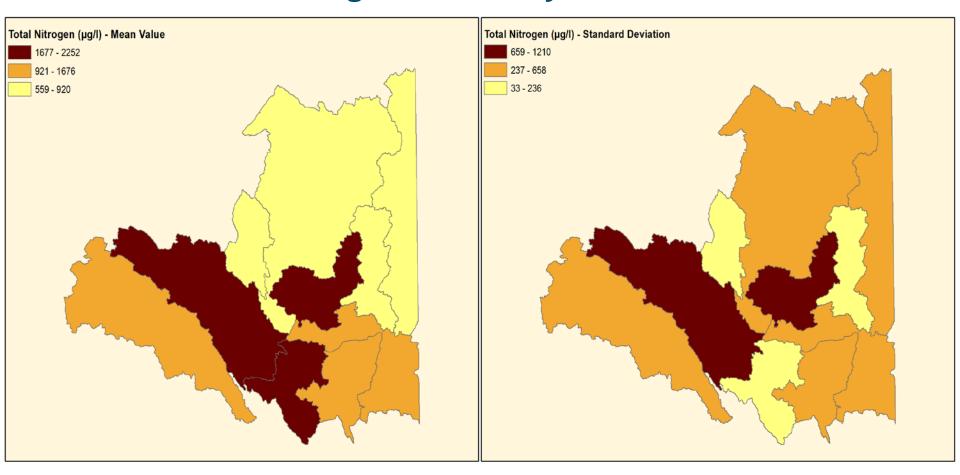
1500

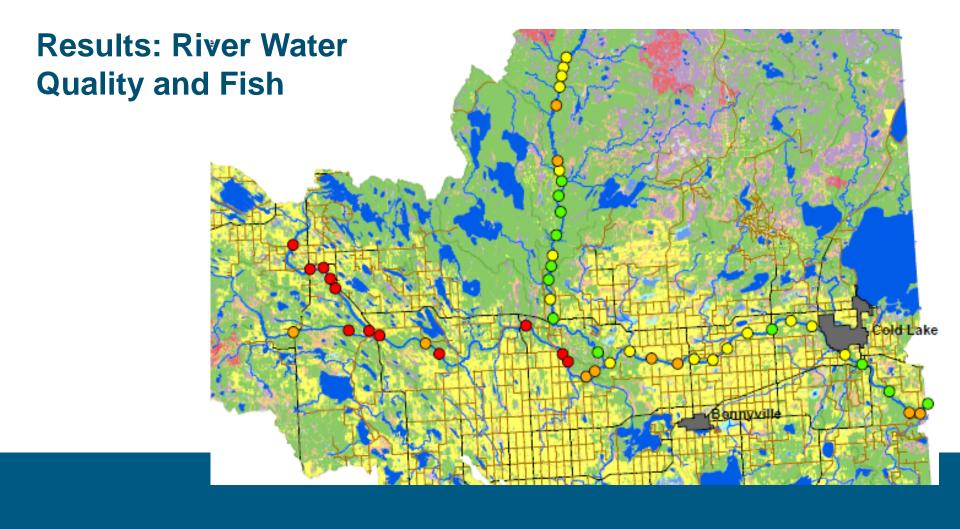
1000

500

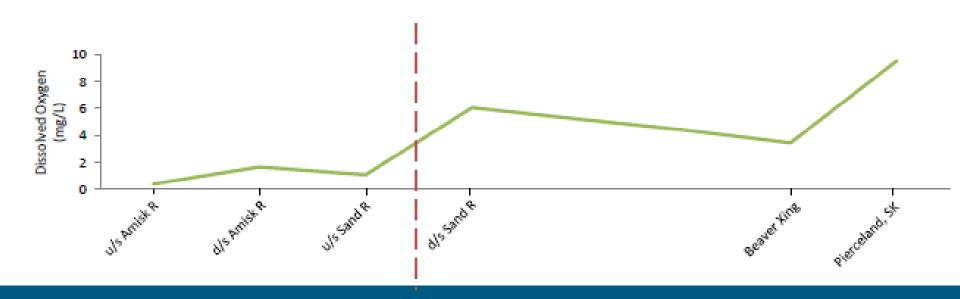
(mS/cm)

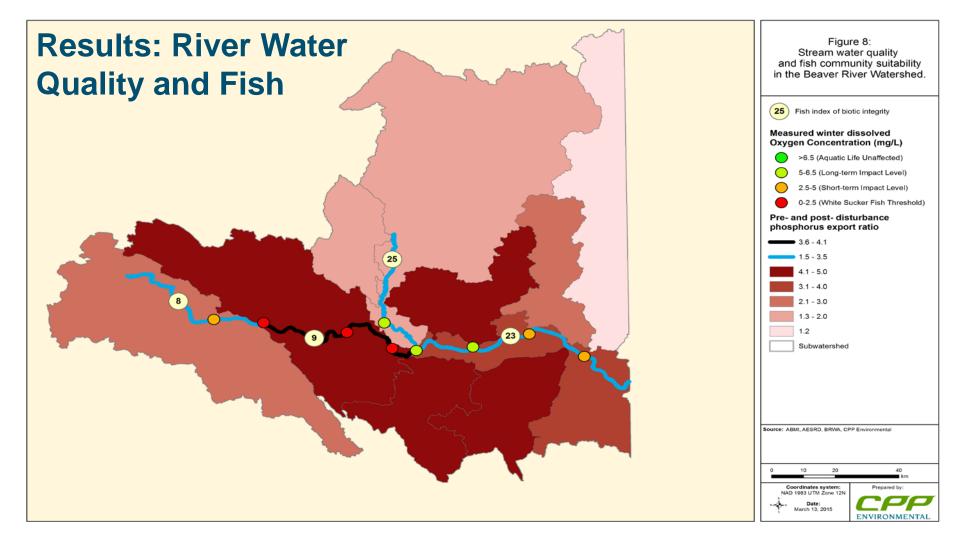
Results – Total Nitrogen Variability

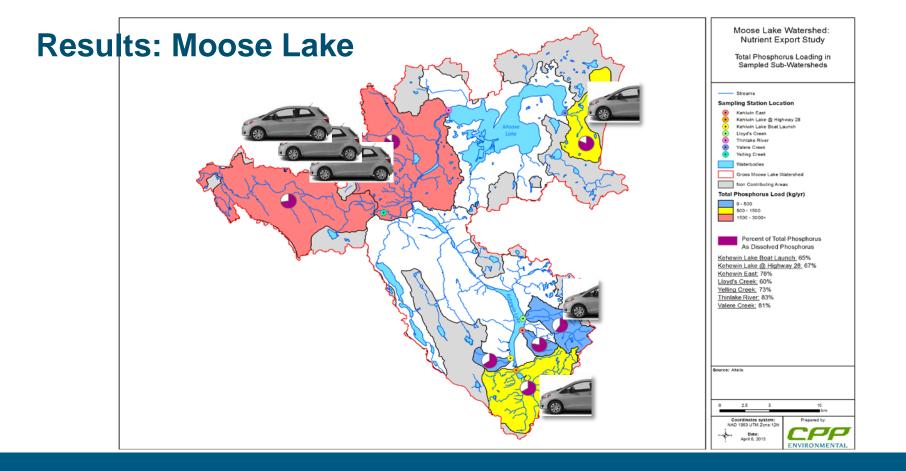




Results: Winter oxygen





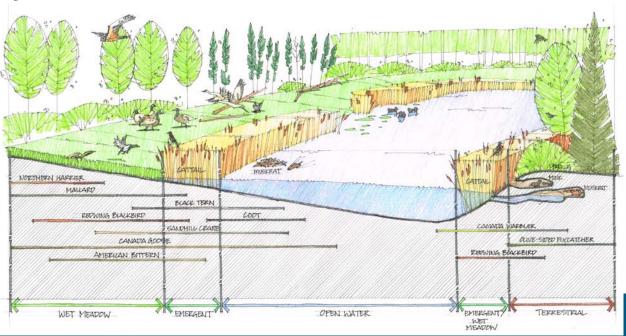


Outcomes...

- The state of the Sand River sub-watershed is critical to the health of the Beaver River
- Areas in the watershed that require attention have been identified.
- Lake water quality should be managed according to lake physical properties (deep vs shallow) and watershed land use change, not by sub-watershed
- Muriel Lake requires further study: it can't be managed in the same way as other lakes

Outcomes...

 Buffers around lakes and wetlands are very important for water quality and wildlife in the Beaver River watershed.



Acknowledgements

- Beaver River Watershed Alliance
- Lakeland Industry and Community Association
- Jordan Walker
- Harry Keys

Questions?

