

Sensitive Habitat Inventory Mapping (SHIM) of Lac La Biche Alberta Lake Management Society

Alberta Lake Management Society Annual Workshop 2017 September 29, 2017

Dörte Köster, Ph.D. Brent Parsons, M.Sc., Andrea Smith, Ph.D., Eric Dilligeard, Ph.D. (HESL) Heather Leschied (Living Lakes Canada)

What is Sensitive Habitat Inventory Mapping (SHIM)?

- Characterizes habitat value of a lake's shore so that it can be protected during shoreline development
- SHIM approach developed in BC where it has been applied to 15 lakes so far
- In 2016 Living Lakes Canada and partners initiated the Lac La Biche SHIM, which represents the first use of the method outside BC



Why Lac La Biche?

SHIM applicable to Lac La Biche, because:

- Community concerns about declines in water quality and fish populations
 - blue-green algal blooms
 - Fishery closures (Walleye)
- Lac La Biche Watershed Management Plan (2009) recommended mapping sensitivie habitat for land use planning







Approach



- Field Work, Background Review

 Data Analysis, Mapping

 Aquatic Habitat Index, Zones of Sensitivity
 Activity Risk
- Shoreline Development Guidelines



Field Work

- July, September 2016
- Data collected by boat with GPS
- High water mark to 100 m offshore
- Information collected included:
 - Shore type (e.g., rocky, gravel, sand, wetlands)
 - Littoral vegetation (% coverage) and substrate
 - Incidental observations of plants and wildlife
 - Land use (e.g., residential, commercial, natural area)
 - Modifications (e.g., docks, boat launches, retaining walls)
- 60 Segments divided shoreline based on changing characteristics







Background Review

- Desktop review to supplement field data
- Local, provincial, and federal sources
 - Fish and wildlife
 - Plant communities
 - Aquatic habitat
 - Land use
 - Bathymetry



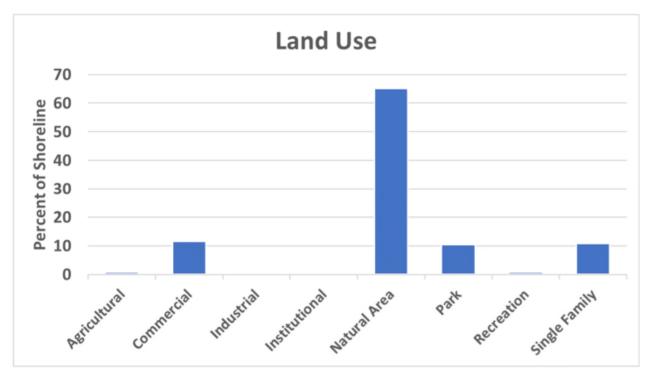


Aquatic Habitat Index

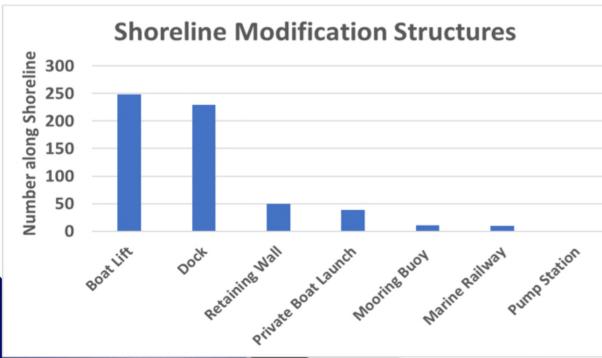
- Assessed each segment based on parameters of shoreline health
 - Natural habitat features: positive scores
 - Anthropogenic structures: negative scores
- Parameters weighted according to their contribution to habitat value
- Ranked shoreline segments based on total score
- Divided into 4 classes

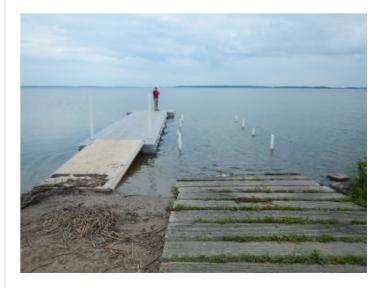








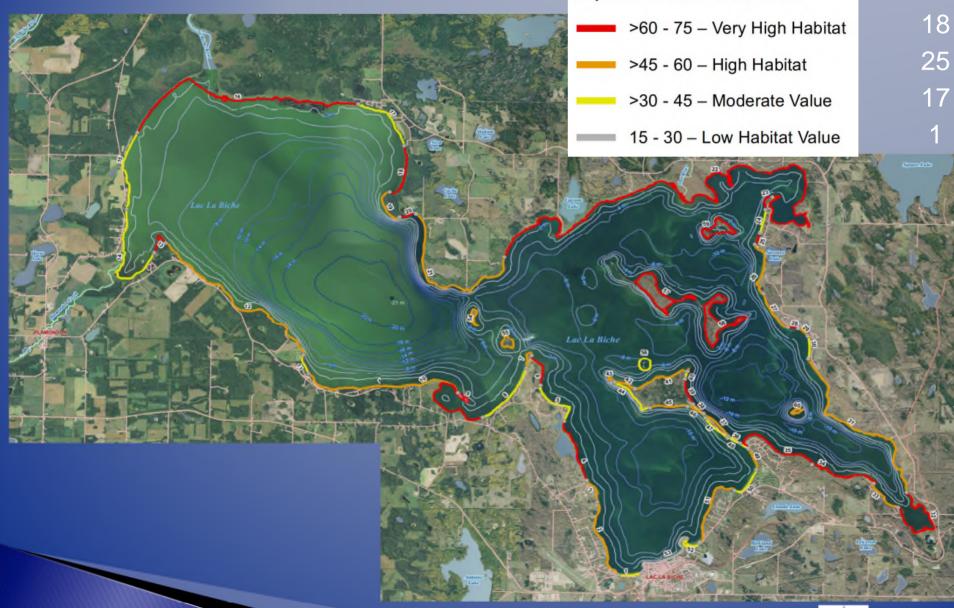




Aquatic Habitat Index

No. of Segments

Aquatic Habitat Index Value





Zones of Sensitivity

- Some sensitive features of Lac La Biche were not sufficiently valued by Aquatic Habitat Index
 - Wetlands
 - Shoals
 - Protected areas
 - Colonial bird breeding habitat
- Incorporated into SHIM as Zones of Sensitivity

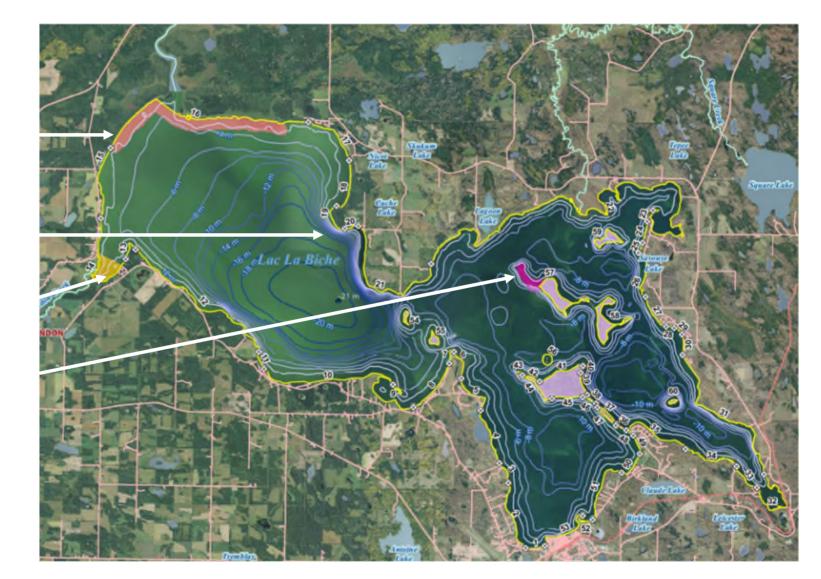






Zones of Sensitivity

- La Biche River Fen
- Spawning
 Shoal
- Plamondon
 Wetland
- Bird
 Sanctuary





Activity Risk Matrix

Activity	Aquatic Habitat Index				Modifier
	Red	Orange	Yellow	Grey	Zone of Sensitivity
Aquatic vegetation removal	Н	Н	Н	Μ	Н
Beach creation above HWM	Н	Н	М	Μ	Н
Beach creation below HWM	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н
Boat house (below HWM)	Н	Н	Н	Μ	Н
Boat launch upgrade	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н
Boat lift - temporary	М	Μ	L	L	Н
Docks	Refer to DFO Guidance, dock type, etc.				
Dredging	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н
Dredging - maintenance/previously	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н
approved					
Elevated boardwalk below HWM	Н	М	М	Μ	Н
Erosion protection (hard engineered)	Н	Н	Н	Μ	Н
Erosion protection (soft bioengineered)	Н	Μ	L	L	Н
Foreshore sediment disturbance and	Н	Н	М	Μ	Н
removal of lakebed substrates					
Infill	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н
New boat launch	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н
Over water-piled structure (i.e. building, house, etc.)	Н	Н	М	Μ	Н
Public beach maintenance	М	L	L	L	М
Septic application	Refer to residential permitting requirements				
Installation of treated effluent discharge pipe	Н	Н	М	М	Н
Upland vegetation removal	Н	М	Μ	Μ	Н
Waterline drilled	Н	М	L	L	Н
Waterline trenching	Н	Н	Н	Μ	Н

High Risk (H):

- likely negative impacts
- difficult to mitigate

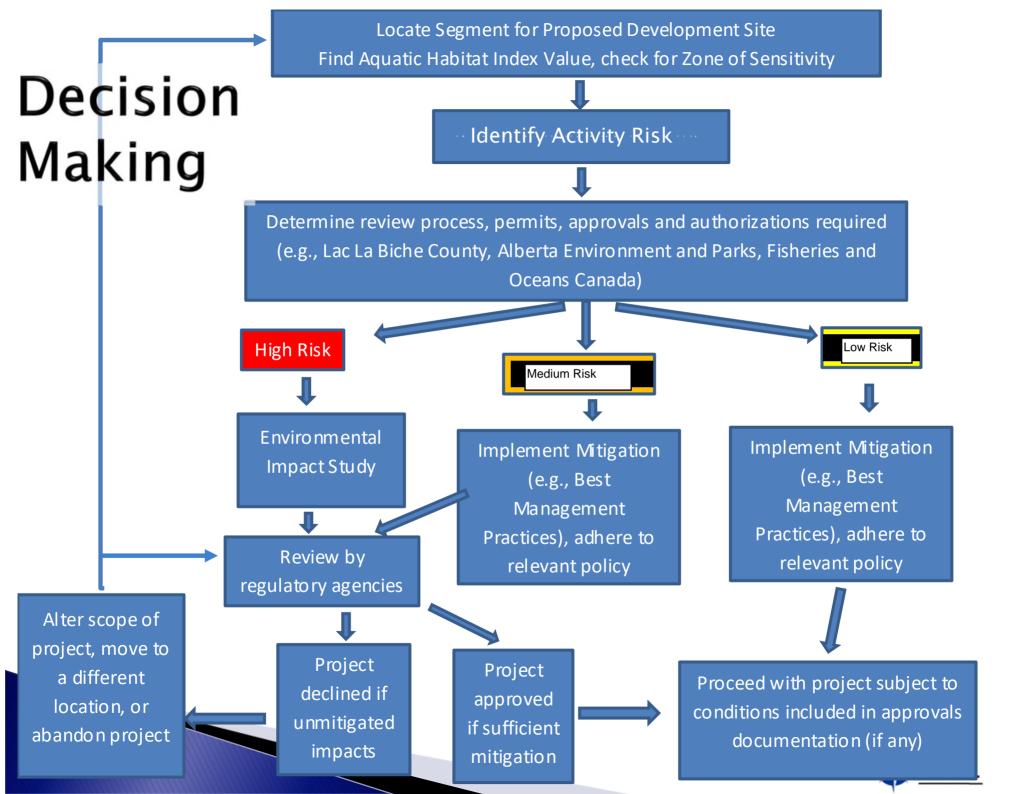
Medium Risk (M):

- Potential negative impacts
- possible to mitigate

Low Risk (L):

- limited negative impacts
- easy mitigation





Conclusions

- Lots of high-value habitat present at Lac La Biche
- Local considerations in SHIM protocol
 - Zones of Sensitivity require extra protection
 - Algal blooms BMPs to avoid further eutrophication
 - Walleye protection of species–specific habitat
- SHIM results will support decision making on lakeshore developments using site-specific scientific information on shoreline health



Acknowledgements

- County of Lac La Biche:
 - Molly Fyten, Gilbert Hache, Brayden Torresan, Evan Hendry
- Athabasca Watershed Advisory Council
 Brian Deboor and Jacon Ponto
 - Brian Deheer and Jason Ponto
- Bruce MacDonald, for Living Lakes Canada
- Jennifer Graydon, Alberta Health
- Funding: Environment Canada, EcoAction Alberta, EcoTrust, Alberta Real Estate Foundation, Land Stewardship Centre



Questions?

Dörte Köster <u>Dorte.Koster@environmentalsciences.ca</u> 780–222–3583

